2025年度

一般入試 A日程 (1月28日)

英語

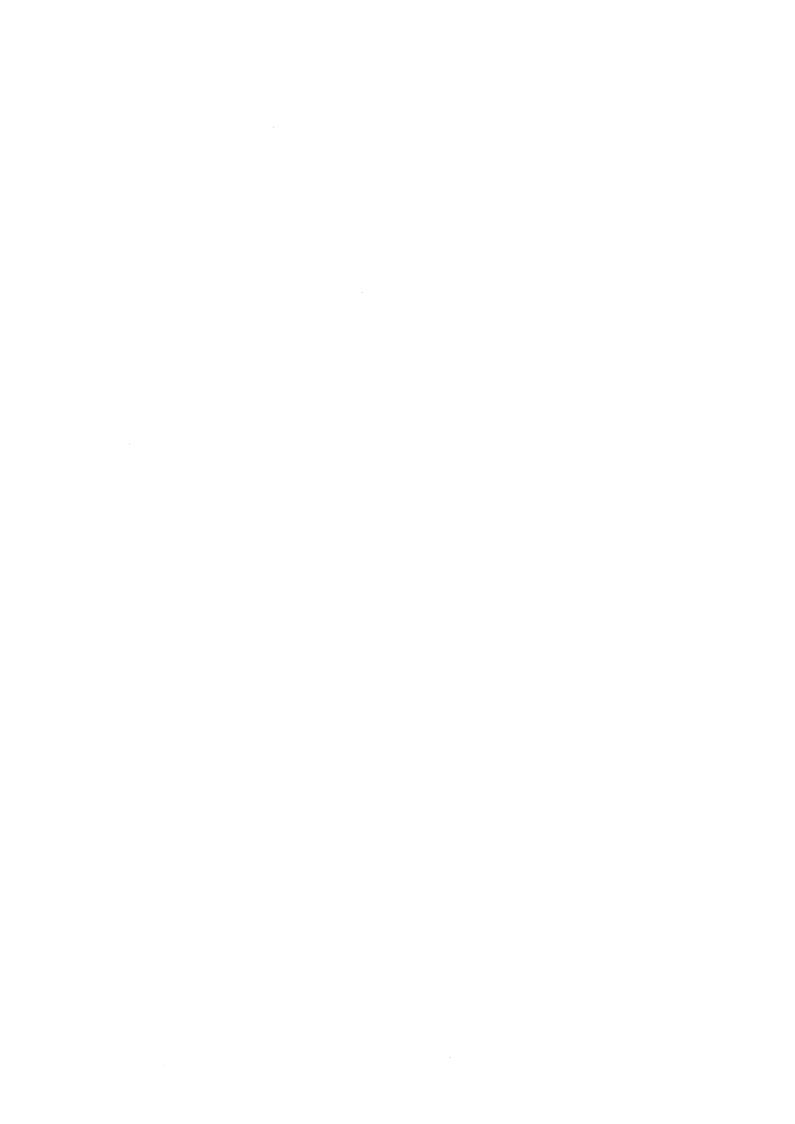
解答する問題番号は次の通りです。

全員解答 …………… 【1】【2】【3】

選択して解答 …………【4 - A】あるいは【4 - B】

注 意

- 1 試験開始の指示があるまで開いてはいけません。
- 2 問題冊子は9ページあります。
- 3 解答用紙は1枚です。
- 4 試験開始と同時に解答用紙に座席番号と氏名を記入しなさい。
- 5 解答はすべて解答用紙の指定された欄に記入しなさい。
- 6 解答の記入にあたっては、正確かつていねいに記入しなさい。 数字や英字等が判読できない場合は、採点対象外とすることがあります。
- 7 問題冊子は持ち帰ってもかまいません。



【1】 次の対話をよく読んで、設問に答えなさい。

David: Hi Pat, how are you?

Pat: Hey, David, I'm good, thanks. How are you?

David: Fine, thanks. I saw you from the other side of the cafeteria, and I thought I would come over and (\mathcal{T}) "Hi."

Pat: Thanks! I've been wondering how you've been. I heard that you went to America on holiday in the summer. Where did you go?

David: Yeah, that's right. Jane and I went for a big road trip from New York to Los Angeles.

Pat: Wow, that sounds cool. How long did it (イ)?

David: We did it in 16 days, coast to coast, which works out at about 300 miles (ゥ) day. You can do that in about 5 hours of driving, so we had time for sightseeing and relaxing as well. We went shopping in local supermarkets and set up a barbeque most nights and just relaxed by the van and headed off the next day to the next stop.

Pat: Amazing! What a great idea!

David: How (工) you, what have you been up to?

Pat: Recently, my brother and I have been rebuilding our mother's house. It was in a pretty (才) state, and we've been saying we'd fix it for years, so we finally started it.

David: Nice! How much work did it need?

Pat: Well, we decided to take out the floors and put in new ones. We're still working on it. It should be done before the winter, though.

David: Sounds like major work. Is your mom still living there while you do the work?

Pat: No, there are too many things around! She's been with me and Helen at our house, and our kids are quite happy having her around.

David: Yeah, it's like their summer holidays are still going on!

(1)	本文中の空所(ア)~(オ)を補うのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ1~4から
	一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。
(7	7)
	1. say
	2. speak

(イ)

1. get

3. talk

4. tell

- 2. leave
- 3. go
- 4. take

(ウ)

- 1. a
- 2. in
- 3. since
- 4. the

(工)

- 1. do
- 2. did
- 3. about
- 4. can

(才)

- 1. great
- 2. beautiful
- 3. bad
- 4. evil

- (2) 次の問 $a \sim e$ に対する回答として最も適切なものをそれぞれ $1 \sim 4$ から一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。
- a. Where are David and Pat?
 - 1. In a cafeteria.
 - 2. In New York.
 - 3. In Los Angeles.
 - 4. In a local supermarket.
- b. How did David and Pat meet up?
 - 1. They made an appointment.
 - 2. David found Pat by chance.
 - 3. Pat found David by chance.
 - 4. They went to America together.
- c. How long was David travelling?
 - 1. From New York to Los Angeles.
 - 2. For 5 hours.
 - 3. All summer.
 - 4. For 16 days.
- d. What is Pat's reaction to David's trip?
 - 1. He thinks it is strange.
 - 2. He thinks it is risky.
 - 3. He is excited.
 - 4. He is sad.
- e. Where is Pat's mother living?
 - 1. She is living in her own house.
 - 2. She is living with Pat's family.
 - 3. She is staying at a hotel.
 - 4. She has gone on holiday with Pat's children.

【2】 次の英文をよく読んで、設問に答えなさい。

Some Americans have been setting their own "no-buy" rules in an attempt to reduce wasteful spending and save money.

Creating no-buy rules themselves can be easy. People simply make a list of non-essential things they plan not to buy for a specific period of time. The idea has (\prec) attention on social media, with people and groups sharing progress on their goals. But keeping such rules can be difficult, especially for extended periods of time.

Reporters from The Associated Press (AP)*1 spoke to some people who have set their own no-buy rules, as well as experts. Here are some of their ideas on how to (□) up with a list of rules, as well as ways to keep no-spend promises.

Identify your weaknesses

Whether it is beauty products, ordering takeout food or buying unnecessary low-cost items at the store, experts suggest knowing your weaknesses so you can make realistic plans.

Mia Westrap is a Ph.D. student*2 in Southampton, Britain, who decided to establish a no-buy promise, or pledge*3. But before starting, she took a close look at what she spent money on during the previous few months. Through that process, Westrap realized that unnecessary food and drinks were her big weakness.

"I figured out that I was spending four figures on just carbonated*4 drinks and Pepsi Max," she said.

Take a pause

Take a break before buying. When Amea Wadsworth feels a strong desire to get something she sees on social media or at a store, she writes it down (\nearrow) immediately buying the item.

At the end of each month, she then goes over the list and decides what, if anything, is worth buying.

Consider unfollowing

Between pop-up offers and influencers praising new products, social media can be a trigger*5 for unnecessary shopping, said Courtney Alev. She is a financial adviser at

the company Credit Karma.

If someone feels they are spending too much because of long periods spent on a computer or a device, Alev says they should take a break from any services providing an urge to buy things.

Make changes if needed

As Westrap began her no-buy year, things did not start well. During the first month, her car broke down. Then, she received a costly parking fine.

Experts say unexpected costs or weak moments happen to everyone. So it is ok if people do not end up following their no-buy rules exactly.

Carrie Rattle is the chief executive of financial advisory company Behavioral Cents. She told the AP, "If you fail, you probably need a bit more help. You are not a failure. You have simply failed at one method."

Rattle added that the realization is very important so that people don't feel "dejected *6 ."

(VOA Learning English の記事による)

(注)

*1 The Associated Press (AP): AP 通信

*2 a Ph.D. student:大学院博士課程の学生

*3 pledge:誓約

*⁴ carbonated: 炭酸の

*⁵ trigger:引き金、きっかけ、誘因

*6 dejected:落胆した

[設問]

- (1) 下線部風を日本語に訳し、解答用紙に記入しなさい。
- (2) 下線部 that process が指す内容を日本語で解答用紙に記入しなさい。

(3) 本文中の空所(イ)、(ロ)、(ハ)を補うのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ1 ~ 4から一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

(1)

- 1. avoided
- 2. caught
- 3. considered
- 4. missed

 (\Box)

- 1. come
- 2. go
- 3. hold
- 4. stay

(1)

- 1. because of
- 2. despite
- 3. due to
- 4. instead of
- (4) 次の1~8の各文について、本文の内容に合っていれば○、合っていなければ×を解答用紙に記入しなさい。
 - 1. アメリカでは、無駄な出費を減らすために不必要なものは買わないという努力目標が、すべての人々に定められている。
 - 2. 物を買わずに自分で作るのは簡単なことだ。
 - 3. 自分で「買わない」ルールを作り、一定期間それを守るのは大変なことだ。
 - 4. ほとんどのイギリス人は、炭酸飲料に多くのお金を費やしている。
 - 5. インフルエンサーが勧める商品は、必要なくても買ってしまうことがある。
 - 6. 欲しいものがあれば、SNS などで調べ、その評価を書き出してみるとよい。
 - 7. 予期しない出費があった場合でも、厳密にルールに従わなければいけない。
 - 8. 「買わない」ルールを守ることができなくても落ち込む必要はない。

	号を解答用紙に記え	ししなさい。				
(1)	She always gets					
	1. excite	2. exciting	3. to excite	4. excited		
(2)	2) the letter arrived, she opened and started reading it.					
	1. Soon	2. At all	3. The moment	4. Quickly		
(3)	My love of reading _	up for my la	ck of formal education	on.		
	1. kept	2. made	3. lived	4. put		
(4)	A new library	in the area near t	the university.			
	1. built	2. will built	3. is building	4. is being built		
(5)	It me 3,000	yen to buy a new se	ries of manga.			
	1. took	2. cost	3. made	4. had		
(6)	Tom likes living here	e in this village and	well with all the other local people.			
	1. gets on	2. makes up	3. puts on	4. takes care		
(7)	7) A: When was this house painted? It looks different from the others.					
	B: Quite recently.	It was done	than one year ago.			
	1. earlier	2. older	3. less	4. later		
(8) A: You don't look so well. Perhaps you should go to the doctor.						
	B: I'm fine. Please	me alone.				
	1. leave	2. bring	3. give	4. find		
(9)	(9) A: Are you sure you locked the door when we left home?					
	B: Yes! I do reme	mber				
	1. to having lo	cked it	2. locking it			
	3. to have lock	red it	4. to lock it			

【3】 次の各文の空所を補うのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ1~4から一つ選び、その番

(10)	A:	I heard you can play the guitar.					
	B:	Well, I used to.	Since I don't have	time to practice nov	w, I can no	_ play	
	it well.						
		1. better	2. longer	3. more	4. less than		

【4-A】あるいは【4-B】のどちらかを選択

【4-A】 次のテーマについて解答用紙に英語で書きなさい。

あなたの好きな季節とその理由

- 【4-B】[]内の語(句)を並べ替えて次の各文を最も適切に完成させ、その順番 通りに解答用紙に活字体(ブロック体)で記入しなさい。なお、文頭にくるものも 小文字で記してあります。
- 1. [it / I / was / got home / not until] that I realized I had left my umbrella in the bus.
- 2. She looks [happy / were / as if / as / she] dreaming.
- 3. It is difficult to imagine [is / anyone / to do / that / willing] something dangerous.
- 4. The future belongs [who / those / to / believe / in] the beauty of their dreams.
- 5. She doesn't [anybody / but / care / about / herself].

— 9 **—**